

# Tudor House



**1. Jetty** - Each floor was built a little larger than the floor underneath. This created an overhang effect.

**2. Walls** - Walls were half-timbered and the beams were left exposed.

**3. Daub** - Daub was a form of plaster, which was made from a mix of wet soil, sand, clay, straw and sometimes animal dung, that was used to coat the exterior walls in many Tudor homes. The daub was then lime-washed white.

**4. Windows** - Glass was expensive as each pane was made by hand. These were called 'casement windows'.

**5. Timbers** - The wooden timbers were often coated with black tar to protect them from rotting.

**6. Roof** - Older tudor houses had thatched roofs but most had roofs made from slate or stone tiles.

**7. Chimney** - Chimneys were patterned, and the bricks were made from moulded clay.