	NC OBJECTIVES	SEQUENCE OF LEARNING	KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER
			- facts and vocabulary
	week – Growth Mindset     Evaluate individual ways of learning     Develop perseverance and resilience.	Manual dexterity     Understanding rules / constraints     Thinking creatively	Growth Minset, fixed, flexible, creatively, cognition, muscle memory
Y E A R	<ul> <li>Weeks - Division</li> <li>Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers.</li> <li>Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (×), division (÷) and equals (=) signs.</li> <li>Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.</li> <li>Show that the multiplication is commutative but division is not.</li> </ul>	Counting in different multiples taught throughout the block as lesson starters with links between different multiples being highlighted. Order: 10s, 5s, 2s, 3s  1. Make equal groups - sharing 2. Make equal groups - grouping 3. introduce ÷ symbol 4. Divide by 2 including reasoning and problem solving 5. Odd and Even numbers 6. Divide by 5 including reasoning and problem solving 7. Divide by 10 including reasoning and problem solving	Equal groups, sharing odd, even, groups of, divide by, multiple of
S P	<ul> <li>2 weeks - Statistics</li> <li>Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables.</li> <li>Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity.</li> <li>Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Make tally charts</li> <li>Draw pictograms (1:1)</li> <li>Interpret pictograms (1:1)</li> <li>Draw pictograms (2, 5 and 10)</li> <li>Interpret pictograms (2, 5 and 10)</li> <li>Block diagrams</li> </ol>	Tally, pictogram, vertical, horizontal, graph, chart, diagram, interpret, data, represent, more than, less than, popular, favourite, least, most, statement, symbol
K I N G	<ul> <li>2 weeks - Geometry</li> <li>Identify and describe the properties of 2D shape including number of sides and lines of symmetry.</li> <li>Identify and describe the properties of 3D shape including number of edges, vertices and faces.</li> <li>Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3D shapes.</li> <li>Compare and sort common 2D and 3D shapes and everyday objects.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>recognise 2D and 3D shapes</li> <li>Count sides on 2D shapes</li> <li>count vertices on 2D shapes</li> <li>Draw 2D shapes</li> <li>Lines of symmetry</li> <li>Sort 2D shapes</li> <li>Make patterns with 2D shapes</li> <li>count vertices on 3D shapes</li> <li>Sort 3D shapes</li> <li>Make patterns with 3D shapes</li> <li>Make patterns with 3D shapes</li> </ol>	Names of common 2D and 3D shapes  Dimensions, vertex, vertices, pattern, order, position, size, vertical, horizontal, symmetry, face, edge
R M	<ul> <li>2 weeks- Fractions</li> <li>Recognise, find, name and write fractions ½, 1/3, ¼, 2/4, ¾ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity.</li> <li>Write simple fractions for example: ½ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of 2/4 and ½</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Make equal parts</li> <li>Recognise a half and find a half</li> <li>Recognise a quarter and find a quarter</li> <li>Recognise a third and find a third</li> <li>Unit fractions</li> <li>Non-unit fractions</li> <li>Equivalence of ½ and 2/4</li> <li>Find three quarters.</li> <li>Count in fractions.</li> </ol>	Whole, part, equal, half, halves, quarter, thirds, equivalent, numerator, denominator, split
	weeks- Measurement – Mass and Capacity     Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (l/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.      Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using <, > and =	1. Measure length (cm) 2. Measure length (m) 3. Compare lengths 4. Order lengths 5. Four operations with lengths	Length, orientation, metres, centimetres, longer, shorter, taller, estimate,

	1 week- Recap and Review	1	Evaluate	Link to Growth Mindset at beginning of Term
	Multiplication & division	2.	Review and learn as necessary	
	Shape and measurement			
	• statistics			