Barn Owls

Ancient Egypt – Knowledge Organiser



Kev Vocabulary

Afterlife – The place where Egyptians believed they would go after they died.

Canopic jar – Special jars that held the organs of the mummy, including the lungs, stomach, intestines and liver.

Cartouche – Egyptian hieroglyph within an oval to represent a pharaoh's name.

Egypt is in North East

Dynasty – A period of rule when a series of pharaohs all came from the same family.

Hieroglyphics – A type of writing that uses symbols and pictures.

Mummification – The process of preserving a body for the afterlife.

Papyrus – A plant that grew on the banks of the River Nile.

Pharaoh - The supreme ruler of all Ancient Egypt **Pyramid** – A tomb for a pharaoh and his consorts. **River Nile** – The Ancient Egyptians lived and farmed by the banks of the Nile, the longest river in Africa. **Sarcophagus** – A large stone box that held a mummy's coffin.

Tomb – A place in which you are buried when you died.



Africa. The River Nile is the longest river in Africa and flows through the centre of Egypt.

There were many Egyptian pharaohs that ruled Ancient Egypt. King Tutankhamun was one of the most famous. His tomb was discovered by Howard Carter in 1922.



There were many different Gods that the Ancient **Egyptians** worshipped. Many took the form of an animal.



The Ancient Egyptians built huge pyramids as tombs for their kings. These are the famous Pyramids of Giza.



Ancient Egyptians used hieroglyphics, a mixture of symbols and pictures, to write with.

Ancient Egyptians mummified dead bodies so they could go to the afterlife. The that process was long and had many stages.



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