Eagle Owls

Evolution and Inheritance - Knowledge Organiser

Key Vocabulary

Adaptation: The process which allows animals & plants to live and survive in an

environment (see example of a polar bears adaptations below).

Environment: Everything living and non-living in the world we live in.

Evolution: The way that living things change over time.

Fossils: A fossil is the preserved remains or traces of a dead animal or plant.

Offspring: When living things reproduce, their young can be called offspring.

These will be the same species but will vary and not be identical to their parents.

Palaeontologist: These are the scientists who study fossils.

Species: Groups of plants and animals that are very similar to each other and can

produce offspring.

Important Scientists:

Mary Anning: a palaeontologist who collected and studied many fossils from England.

Charles Darwin and Alfred Wallace: were the scientists responsible for the theory of evolution.

Unlock more knowledge by reading and / or visiting:

Class books: The Story Of Life, When the Whales Walked & Charles

Darwin and the Beagle Adventure.

Website: https://www.dkfindout.com and search for evolution.

Evolution of the whale:

This diagram shows how animals have changed (adapted) over time, gradually forming a new species. We know about these changes from fossils. In this case, the furry, four Legged mammal has evolved over a very long time into the whale.

This is how all plants and animals have evolved in

Key Scientific Vocabulary:

Observe, identify, classify, group, compare, contrast, research, labelled, conclusion, interpret.



Example of an animal's adaptations to its environment.

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